

### matthewsasia.com

# Individual Retirement Account (IRA) Distribution Request Form

This form is not intended for required minimum distributions, trustee to trustee transfers, recharacterizations, or conversion requests.

1 P	rticipant Information (Please print)				
N	ame	Daytime Phone			
Ā	ddress				
C	ity	State	ZIP Code		
So	ocial Security Number	Date of Birth			
	ccount Number complete the following if you are a beneficiary requesting	g a full liquidation of the inherited proceeds.			
Be	eneficiary Name	Daytime Phone			
So	ocial Security Number	Date of Birth			
N T are A	Type of Account  Traditional IRA/Rollover IRA	rited IRA transfer due to death. For revocations, re d Disclosure Statement for instructions and inform received in good order before the distribution requ Signature Guarantee may be required. Please see th	fer to the Traditional nation regarding your uest can be honored.		
	Reason for Distribution  . FROM A TRADITIONAL, ROLLOVER OR SEP IRA he distribution is being made for the following reason (cl 1. Normal distribution—You are age 59½ or older. 12. Early (premature) distribution—You are under age premiums, higher education expenses, first time ho 13. Substantially equal periodic payments within the n 5-B and review B part II. 14. Death/Beneficiary liquidation—If you are a beneficiar 15. Permanent disability—You certify that you are disal 16. Transfer incident due to divorce or legal separation. 17. Removal of excess—You must complete Section 4 18. Direct rollover to a qualified plan 401(k), TSP or 40 IRA assets issued. 19. Qualified Reservist Distribution 10. QUALIFIED DISTRIBUTION FROM A ROTH IRA	59½, including distributions due to medical expendence of the section 72(t) of the Internal Revenue Courty, contact Shareholder Services regarding additional bled within the meaning of section 72(m)(7) of the Contact Shareholder Services regarding additional of the Contact Share	de. Complete Section  document requirements. Internal Revenue Code.* document requirements. an will accept the		
T [	his Roth IRA distribution satisfies the 5-year holding he distribution is being made for the following reason (che 1 1. You are age 59½ or older. 1 2. Death/Beneficiary liquidation—If you are a beneficiary 1 3. Permanent disability—You certify that you are disab	eck one): y, contact Shareholder Services regarding additional d	locument requirements.		

Matthews Asia Funds IRA Distribution Request Form

Page 1 of 3 IRADIS 0223

Note: Distributions not meeting the 5-year required period and for all other reasons not listed above are considered non-qualified.

\*For purposes of section 72(m)(7), an individual shall be considered to be disabled if he is unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or to be of long-continued and indefinite duration.

C. NON-QUALIFIED DISTRIBUTION FROM A ROTH IRA	·							
The distribution is being made for the following reason (check one): $\square$ 1. Normal distribution (prior to the 5-year holding requirement)—You are age 59½ or older.								
<ul> <li>□ 1. Normal distribution (prior to the 5-year holding requirement)—You are age 59½ or older.</li> <li>□ 2. Early (premature) distribution—You are under age 59½, including distributions due to medical expenses, health insurance premiums, higher education expenses, first time homebuyer expenses, or other reasons.</li> </ul>								
☐ 3. Substantially equal periodic payments within the meaning of section 72(t) of the Internal Revenue Code. <b>Complete Section</b> 5-B and review B part II.								
□ 4. Death/Beneficiary liquidation—If you are a beneficiary, c □ 5. Permanent disability—You certify that you are disabled □ 6. Transfer incident due to divorce or legal separation. Co □ 7. Removal of excess—You must complete Section 4 (Exc □ 8. Qualified Reservist Distribution  *For purposes of section 72(m)(7), an individual shall be considered to be demedically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expect	I within the meaning of section 72(r ntact Shareholder Services regarding cess Contribution Election) in its er iisabled if he is unable to engage in any subst	n)(7) of the Internal Revenue additional document requirer ntirety.	Code.* nents.					
4.Excess Contribution Election								
Amount of excess: \$ Tax year for which ex	cess contribution was made:	Date deposited:						
extensions), pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 4081 may be subject to an IRS penalty of 6% for each year the exc early distribution penalty on the earnings, if you are under a excess distribution takes place (not for the year in which the	Earnings will be removed with the excess contribution if corrected before your federal income tax-return due date (including extensions), pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 408(d)(4) and Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") Publication 590. You may be subject to an IRS penalty of 6% for each year the excess remains in the account. In addition, the IRS may impose a 10% early distribution penalty on the earnings, if you are under age 59½. You will receive IRS Form 1099-R for the year in which the excess distribution takes place (not for the year in which the excess contribution was made). Consult IRS Publication 590 for more information pertaining to excess contributions. If you are subject to a federal penalty tax due to an excess contribution, you must							
method provided in the IRS Final Regulations for Earnings Ca	For the purpose of the excess contribution, we will calculate the net income attributable ("NIA") to the contribution using the method provided in the IRS Final Regulations for Earnings Calculation for Returned or Recharacterized Contributions. This method calculates the NIA based on the actual earnings and losses of the IRA during the time it held the excess contribution. Please note							
that a negative NIA is permitted and, if applicable, will be de								
A. The excess is being corrected <u>before</u> my federal incom		·	ons)					
<ul> <li>Remove excess plus/minus net income attributable. Distribute according to my instructions in Section 6 (Mailing Instructions).</li> <li>Remove excess plus/minus net income attributable. Re-deposit as a current year contribution (not to exceed annual IRA contribution limit).</li> </ul>								
<b>B.</b> The excess is being corrected <u>after</u> my federal income tax filing deadline (including extensions). Earnings on the excess contribution will remain in the account.								
☐ Remove excess and distribute according to my instructi	, ,	•						
☐ Remove excess and re-deposit as a <b>current year</b> contribution (not to exceed annual IRA contribution limit).  C. Redesignating an excess contribution to a later tax year. Please consult a tax advisor to review your specific situation and to determine your best course of action. If you should decide to carry over the excess contribution to a later year, DO NOT RETURN THIS FORM.								
5 Distribution Amount								
5. Distribution Amount (Complete Section								
A. ☐ Liquidate Entire Account or ☐ One-Time Partial Distri  OR	bution of \$							
B. ☐ Systematic Distributions: Amount of each distribution	<b>\$</b> 1							
Beginning Date MM/DD/YYYY//_ Frequency: \( \triangle Monthly \) \( \triangle Quarterly \) \( \triangle Semi-Annually \) \( If no beginning date is selected distributions will be scheduled for the 20th, \) \( If this form is received after the beginning date selected the first distribution \) will occur immediately upon receipt and future payments scheduled on the date selected.								
B Part II - Substantially Equal Periodic Payments ("SE	PP" under Section 72(t) of the Int	ernal Revenue Code)						
each distribution" in B. Systematic Distributions blank ar	If you are requesting BNYM I S Trust recalculate the amount of your SEPP annually using an RMD method leave "Amount of each distribution" in B. Systematic Distributions blank and select the calculation method to use:							
Calculate under the RMD method using □Uniform Lifetime Table □Single Life Table □Joint and Last Survivor Table*								
*Beneficiary's Name:	Date o	of Birth						
I understand I am solely responsible for determining the amount to c curred. Neither the custodian nor the plan sponsor will monitor the S	I acknowledge I have consulted with a qualified tax professional and IRS Publication 590-B; Distributions from Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs). I understand I am solely responsible for determining the amount to distribute and for monitoring if a modification of the SEPP under Section 72(t) has occurred. Neither the custodian nor the plan sponsor will monitor the SEPP. I understand the custodian does not report SEPP distributions on IRS Form 1099-R as exempt from the early distribution penalty and that I am expected to file IRS Form 5329 along with my income tax return to the IRS to claim a penalty tax exception for this reason.							
<sup>1</sup> Distributions will be taken proportionately across all funds u	nless specific funds and amounts ar	e indicated below:						
Fund:	Amount: \$	or Percentage:	%					
Fund:	Amount: \$	or Percentage:	%					
Fund:	Amount: \$	or Percentage:	%					

Matthews Asia Funds matthewsasia.com 2

Total Amount: \$\_

Total 100%

Matthews Asia Funds IRA Distribution Request Form

Page **2** of 3

#### IMPORTANT CHANGES TO THE RULES GOVERNING INDIRECT (60-DAY) ROLLOVERS BETWEEN IRA ACCOUNTS

Effective January 1, 2015, there is a new restriction on indirect (60-day) IRA-to-IRA rollovers. An IRA participant is allowed only one rollover across all IRAs (Traditional, Rollover, Roth, SEP, SARSEP and SIMPLE IRAs) in aggregate that a taxpayer owns in any 12-month or 365-day period. As an alternative, a participant can make an unlimited number of trustee-to-trustee transfers where the proceeds are delivered directly to the receiving financial institution, successor custodian or trustee. For more information please visit the Internal Revenue Service's web site **www.irs.gov** using the search term "IRA One-Rollover-Per-Year Rule". You must contact the receiving institution to initiate a trustee-to-trustee transfer. For more information, see IRS Publication 590-A, Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs) – "Application of one-rollover-per-year limitation."

\*A Medallion Signature Guarantee ("MSG") Stamp is required if the banking instructions are not already on file. An MSG may be obtained at your local bank or trust company, securities broker/dealer, clearing agency or savings association. The bank account must include your name in the account registration.

## **6.** Mailing Instructions

☐ Mail to my address of record—(if you elected a Direct Rollover to a qualified plan or 403(b) you must complete the receiving custodian below*)						
□ *Qualified Plan, 401(k), TSP or 40	3(b) Direct Rollover De	posit—Check will b	e made payable to the recei	ving custodian.		
ONLY COMPLETE THIS OPTION IF YOU ELECTED A DIRECT ROLLOVER TO A QUALIFIED PLAN OR 403(B) IN SECTION 3A. DO NOT USE THIS OPTION FOR ANY OTHER PAYMENT INCLUDING MOVING ASSETS TO AN IRA CUSTODIAN						
Type of plan receiving IRA assets:	□401(k) □403(b) □	TSP □457 plan	□other employer sponsore	d qualified plan		
*Receiving Custodian			Account Number			
Street	City		State	Zip		
□ *Transfer funds electronically via ACH (voided check required, if not on file) (or) □ *Mail check to:						
Name of Institution			Routing and Accou	int Number		
Street	City		State	Zip		
☐ Purchase into my non-retirement account:						
☐ Application attached with investr	ment instructions (or)					
☐ Existing Account Number:	I	nvestment Fund(s)	:			

# 7. Tax Withholding Election

A. Federal Withholding: Federal income tax will be withheld at the rate of 10% from any distribution, subject to the IRS withholding rules, unless you elect a withholding rate of 0% below or have previously elected out of withholding. Tax will be withheld on the gross amount of the payment even though you may be receiving amounts that are not subject to withholding because they are excluded from gross income. This withholding procedure may result in excess withholding on the payments. If you elect to have no federal taxes withheld from your distribution, or if you do not have enough federal income tax withheld from your distribution, you may be responsible for payment of estimated tax. You may incur penalties under the estimated tax rules if your withholding and estimated tax payments are not sufficient. You understand that your below election will remain in effect until such time as you make a different election with the Custodian. Please select one of the following:

☐ I elect federal income tax withhol	lding of 0%, do not withhold fed	leral income tax from my distributions.*

□ I elect federal income tax withholding of \_\_\_\_\_\_% must be a whole percent, you may elect any rate from 1% to 100%.\*

See the attached Form W-4R Withholding Certificate for Nonperiodic Payments which has the Marginal Rate Tables and "Suggestion for determining withholding" instructions. You may use these tables and instructions to help you select the appropriate withholding rate.

### Mail to the following:

#### First Class Mail:

Matthews Asia Funds P.O. Box 534475 Pittsburgh, PA 15253-4475

#### **Overnight Mail:**

Matthews Asia Funds Attention: 534475 500 Ross Street, 154-0520 Pittsburgh, PA 15262 800.789.ASIA (2742)

> Matthews Asia Funds IRA Distribution Request Form

Page **3** of 3

# 8. Participant Authorization

I certify that I am the individual authorized to make these elections and that all information provided is true and accurate. I further certify that the Custodian, Matthews Asia Funds, or any agent of either of them has given no tax or legal advice to me, and that all decisions regarding the elections made on this form are my own. The Custodian is hereby authorized and directed to distribute funds from my account in the manner requested. The Custodian may conclusively rely on this certification and authorization without further investigation or inquiry. I expressly assume responsibility for any adverse consequences which may arise from the election(s) and agree that the Custodian, Matthews Asia Funds, and their agents shall in no way be responsible, and shall be indemnified and held harmless, for any tax, legal or other consequences of the election(s) made on this form.

١	/
/	١

Participant's Signature\*:

\*Beneficiary's Signature for inheritance liquidations.

Please review the Matthews Asia Funds prospectus for Medallion Signature Guarantee stamp requirements.

Medallion Signature Guarantee Stamp and Signature: An eligible guarantor is a domestic bank or trust company, securities broker/dealer, clearing agency or savings association that participates in a medallion program recognized by the Securities Transfer Agents Association. The three recognized medallion programs are the Securities Transfer Agents Medallion Program (known as STAMP), Stock Exchanges Medallion Program (SEMP), and the Medallion Signature Program (MSP). A notarization from a notary public is NOT an acceptable substitute for a signature guarantee.

Medallion Signature Guarantee—Medallion Stamp\*

Date

<sup>\*</sup>Generally, you can't elect less than 10% federal income tax withholding for payments to be delivered outside the United States and its possessions.

#### Substitute W-4R 2023 - Withholding Certificate for Nonperiodic Payments - For use with IRAS ONLY

- 1) For nonperiodic payments, the default withholding rate is 10%. You can choose to have a different rate by entering a rate between 0% and 100% on line 2. Generally, you can't choose less than 10% for payments to be delivered outside the United States and its territories. See Instructions below for more information.
- 2) Complete this line if you would like a rate of withholding that is different from the default withholding rate. See Instructions and the Marginal Rate Tables below for additional information. Enter the rate as a whole number (no decimals) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_%

#### 2023 Marginal Rate Tables

You may use these tables to help you select the appropriate withholding rate for this payment or distribution. Add your income from all sources and use the column that matches your filing status to find the corresponding rate of withholding. See below for more information on how to use this table.

Single or Married filing Separately		Married filing jointly or Qualifying surviving spouse		Head of household	
Total income Tax rate for every over— dollar more		Total income Tax rate for every over— dollar more		Total income Tax rate for every dollar more	
\$0	0%	\$0	0%	\$0	0%
13,850	10%	27,700	10%	20,800	10%
24,850	12%	49,700	12%	36,500	12%
58,575	22%	117,150	22%	80,650	22%
109,225	24%	218,450	24%	116,150	24%
195,950	32%	391,900	32%	202,900	32%
245,100	35%	490,200	35%	252,050	35%
591,975*	37%	721,450	37%	598,900	37%
*If married filing separately, use \$360,725 instead for this 37% rate.					

General Instructions: Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

**Future developments.** For the latest information about any future developments related to Form W-4R, such as legislation enacted after it was published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW4R.

**Purpose of form.** Complete Form W-4R to have payers withhold the correct amount of federal income tax from your nonperiodic payment from an employer retirement plan, annuity (including a commercial annuity), or individual retirement arrangement (IRA). See below for the rules and options that are available for each type of payment.

**Caution**: If you have too little tax withheld, you will generally owe tax when you file your tax return and may owe a penalty unless you make timely payments of estimated tax. If too much tax is withheld, you will generally be due a refund when you file your tax return. Your withholding choice (or an election not to have withholding on a nonperiodic payment) will generally apply to any future payment from the same plan or IRA. Submit a new Form W-4R if you want to change your election.

Nonperiodic payments—10% withholding. Your payer must withhold at a default 10% rate from the taxable amount of nonperiodic payments unless you enter a different rate on line 2. Distributions from an IRA that are payable on demand are treated as nonperiodic payments. Note that the default rate of withholding may not be appropriate for your tax situation. You may choose to have no federal income tax withheld by entering "-0-" on line 2. See the specific instructions below for more information. Generally, you are not permitted to elect to have federal income tax withheld at a rate of less than 10% (including "-0-") on any payments to be delivered outside the United States and its territories .

**Note**: If you don't give Form W-4R to your payer, you don't provide an SSN, or the IRS notifies the payer that you gave an incorrect SSN, then the payer must withhold 10% of the payment for federal income tax and can't honor requests to have a lower (or no) amount withheld. Generally, for payments that began before 2023, your current withholding election (or your default rate) remains in effect unless you submit a Form W-4R.

Payments to nonresident aliens and foreign estates. Do not use Form W-4R. See Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities, and Pub. 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens. for more information.

Tax relief for victims of terrorist attacks. If your disability payments for injuries incurred as a direct result of a terrorist attack are not taxable, enter "-0-" on line 2. See Pub. 3920, Tax Relief for Victims of Terrorist Attacks, for more details.

#### **Specific Instructions**

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Line 2-More withholding.} & \textbf{If you want more than the default rate withheld from your payment, you may enter a higher rate on line 2. \end{tabular}$ 

Less withholding (nonperiodic payments only). If permitted, you may enter a lower rate on line 2 (including "-0-") if you want less than the 10% default rate withheld from your payment. If you have already paid, or plan to pay, your tax on this payment through other withholding or estimated tax payments, you may want to enter "-0-".

Suggestion for determining withholding. Consider using the Marginal Rate Tables above to help you select the appropriate withholding rate for this payment or distribution. The tables are most accurate if the appropriate amount of tax on all other sources of income, deductions, and credits has been paid through other withholding or estimated tax payments. If the appropriate amount of tax on those sources of income has not been paid through other withholding or estimated tax payments, you can pay that tax through withholding on this payment by entering a rate that is greater than the rate in the Marginal Rate Tables.

The marginal tax rate is the rate of tax on each additional dollar of income you receive above a particular amount of income. You can use the table for your filing status as a guide to find a rate of withholding for amounts above the total income level in the table.

To determine the appropriate rate of withholding from the table, do the following. Step 1: Find the rate that corresponds with your total income not including the payment. Step 2: Add your total income and the taxable amount of the payment and find the corresponding rate.

If these two rates are the same, enter that rate on line 2. (See Example 1 below.)

If the two rates differ, multiply (a) the amount in the lower rate bracket by the rate for that bracket, and (b) the amount in the higher rate bracket by the rate for that bracket. Add these two numbers; this is the expected tax for this payment. To get the rate to have withheld, divide this amount by the taxable amount of the payment. Round up to the next whole number and enter that rate on line 2. (See Example 2 below.)

If you prefer a simpler approach (but one that may lead to overwithholding), find the rate that corresponds to your total income including the payment and enter that rate on line 2.

**Examples.** Assume the following facts for Examples 1 and 2. Your filing status is single. You expect the taxable amount of your payment to be \$20,000. Appropriate amounts have been withheld for all other sources of income and any deductions or credits.

**Example 1.** You expect your total income to be \$60,000 without the payment. Step 1: Because your total income without the payment, \$60,000, is greater than \$58,575 but less than \$109,225, the corresponding rate is 22%. Step 2: Because your total income with the payment, \$80,000, is greater than \$58,575 but less than \$109,225, the corresponding rate is 22%. Because these two rates are the same, enter "22" on line 2.

**Example 2.** You expect your total income to be \$42,500 without the payment. Step 1: Because your total income without the payment, \$42,500, is greater than is greater than \$24,850 but less than \$58,575, the corresponding rate is 12%. Step 2: Because your total income with the payment, \$62,500, is greater than \$58,575 but less than \$109,225, the corresponding rate is 22%. The two rates differ. \$16,075 of the \$20,000 payment is in the lower bracket (\$58,575 less your total income of \$42,500 without the payment), and \$3,925 is in the higher bracket (\$20,000 less the \$16,075 that is in the lower bracket). Multiply \$16,075 by 12% to get \$1,929. Multiply \$3,925 by 22% to get \$863.50. The sum of these two amounts is \$2,792.50. This is the estimated tax on your payment. This amount corresponds to 14% of the \$20,000 payment (\$2,792.50 divided by \$20,000). Enter "14" on line 2.